

# Business Expansion Design for Challenge Fitness Studio Using DMADV Methodology

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#### **Abstract**

Challenge Fitness Studio is a fitness center incorporated in 2019. The organization's goal is to gain market penetration and increase members enrollment through partnership with private entities, citizen service centers, and healthcare professionals. DMADV will be the Six Sigma quality method used to implement the new strategies and initiatives. The project charter states the opportunity statement, scope, team, and goals of the project. Customer's requirements were identified during interviews and translated into specific and measurable performance requirements to align the design to the customer's needs. Possible design failures and outcomes of each failure were identify using a design failure mode and effect analysis (DFMEA) revealing facility and personnel availability as the two main constrains. A pilot run analyzes both constrains based on customer's profit goal. The KPI dashboard will allow the customer to visualize business' performance and expected growth by easily comparing and analyzing monthly data.

**Key Terms** — DMADV, expansion, KPIs.

# **Project Description**

Business development design seeks to expand the company's activities through the expansion of services. The Six Sigma quality method that will be used to implement the new strategies and initiatives of capture and retention of customers will be DMADV. The tool allows the design of a business growth and expansion plan, minimizing risks, and incrementing efficiency in resource allocation. A standardized proposal is to be created and can be modified for and applied to different entities and health professionals to increase market penetration. The project also aims to develop key performance measurements (KPIs) that allow to monitor and improve the health of the company.

#### **Objective**

- Expand services to a variety of sectors
- Increase market penetration by partnering with different entities and healthcare professionals
- Increase the organizations' client portfolio
- Develop KPIs for business performance monitoring are the objectives of this research.

# Methodology

- Define Phase:
- Interview customer to identify customer's requirements.
- Confirm Scope, goals, and problem statement with project charter.
- Measure Phase:
- Outline and tie business objective to metrics with measure plan
- Translate customer's requirements to critical to quality.
- Analyze Phase:
- Identify strength, weakness, opportunities, and threats with a SWOT. Recognize and evaluate potential systems failure with DFMEA.
- Design Phase:
- Generate solution ideas and implementation requirements.
- Run pilot test with failure considerations.
- Design business expansion analysis roadmap.
- Discuss solutions with customer. • Verify Phase:
- · Verify key performance measurements with KPI dashboard.

# **Results and Discussion** Define Phase

Early identification of customer's needs and requirements, expectations, mayor constrains, organization's strengths and goals were possible due to constant interviews with the customer shown on table 1. This allowed the design stage to be driven by what is most valuable to the customer.

Day	Length	Purpose	Highlights	Platform	
12/04/20	1.5 hr	To identify customer's needs	Increase memberships Increase revenues Expand services to different sectors Way to monitor business performance Create association with entities to offer the service		
		To identify customers constrains	Small studio Limited classes available		
01/07/21		Material presentation to client	Proposal for Seniors Care Center Business Monitoring System		
	2 hrs	Obtain feedback from client	Display dashboard using 3 scale meters  Maintain proposal presentation short and simple  Request of a common conditions and limitation identification checklist  Financial dashboard to be presented monthly	Zoom	
		Request needed information from client	Information of costs of activities Information of activities logistics on senior's care center Additional pictures to incorporate on presentation		
04/07/2021	45 min	Train client of dashboard interpretation Final material presentation	Minor updates presentation	Zoom Meeting	

#### Define Cont.

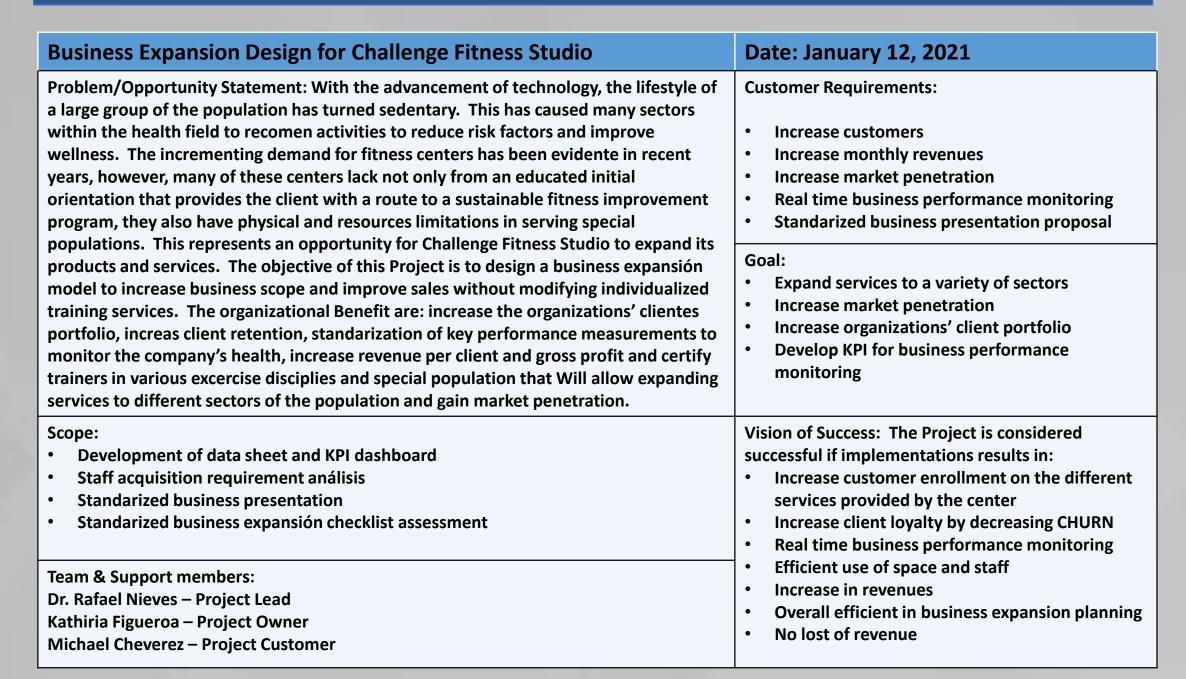


Figure 1: Project Charter

The project charter shown on Figure 1 provides an overview of the entire project. It documents and shares an understanding of the project's opportunity statement, goals, what are the boundaries (scope) of the project, and vision of success. It also outlines the customers' requirements, the team members involve in the project, lists out of scope activities, and communicates what is the value of the project. Financial and market studies are out of scope and a subject matter expert must be consulted prior to begin any expansion activities.

#### Measure Phase

Objective	Financial G	rowth	Р	roduct / Servi	rvice Customers Facility			Personnel		Technology				
CTQs	Increase revenue per client	Increase Revenue	Increase Personal training sales	Increase group classes enrollment	Increase online trainings	Increase amount leads converted into members	Increase new members acquisition	Increase member loyalty	Decrease Drop clients	Space availability	Increase space utilization	100% Productive hours	Goal oriented personnel acquisition	Real time business monitoring
KPIs	Revenue per client (RPC)	Gross profit	Growth in person PT Sections	Group class enrollment	Growth online sections	Conversion rate	Growth	Retention rate	CHURN	Membership capacity	Revenue per square foot	Utilization rate	Trainers needed	KPI Dashboard
	Number of active members	Income	Initial PT sections enrollment	Initial group classes enrollment	Initial online training section enrollment	Number of leads	Initial members	Number of drops members	of drops	Number of cycles per day (NCD)	Revenue	Hours on section	Revenue goal	
	Total Revenue	Costs	Final PT sections enrollment	Final group classes enrollment	Final online training section enrollment	Number of new members	Present active members	Number of initial members	Number of initial members	Total number of members the club can accommodate (TNM)	Total square foot of studio	Free hours	number of weeks forecast to work quarterly	
Measurable metrics								Number of new members	Number of new members				Cost per section	
													Average hours in section per week	
													Average free hours per week	
Frequency	monthly	monthly	monthly	monthly	monthly	monthly	monthly	quarterly	quarterly		monthly	bi-weekly	quarterly	Real time

Figure 2: Measure Plan

During the measure phase, the customer's requirements were translated into specific and measurable performance requirements or critical to quality (CTQ) in alignment with the customer's expectation of performance. The frequency of measurement was set to satisfy the customer's monitoring needs and design for early identification of deviations factors. Figure 2 shows the six drivers upon which the quality of the design project was judge, these were financial growth, product/services/ customer, facility, personnel and technology.

# Analyze

Table 2 shows the SWOT analysis of the organization. Strategies and recommendations were provided focusing on leveraging business strengths and opportunities to overcome threats and weakness and minimize risks. The DFMEA shown on table 3 reviews in scope components to identify all possible failure for the business growth and expansion design for the company and their effect and outcomes of each failure. Failure modes with high severity and low detection are of mayor concern to the customer and represents a higher stability risk of operational performance.

S: Strengths	W: Weakness
<ul> <li>Strategic location</li> <li>Personalize customer relationship</li> <li>Top of the line equipment</li> <li>High customer satisfaction</li> <li>Highly qualified trainers with a variety of certification</li> <li>Value-added services (nutrition, massages, etc.)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>New in the market</li> <li>Limited space for high tempo</li> <li>Lack of amenities and classes as opposed to health clubs</li> <li>No business performance monitoring system in place</li> </ul>
O: Opportunities	T: Threats
<ul> <li>Usage of Social medias to expand reach capabilities</li> <li>Growing demand for personalize training</li> <li>Increasingly health awareness</li> <li>Large target market in surroundings (businesses, universities, etc.)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Strong competition by near health clubs</li> <li>Current restrictions due to pandemic</li> <li>Unstable economy</li> </ul>

## Analyze Cont.

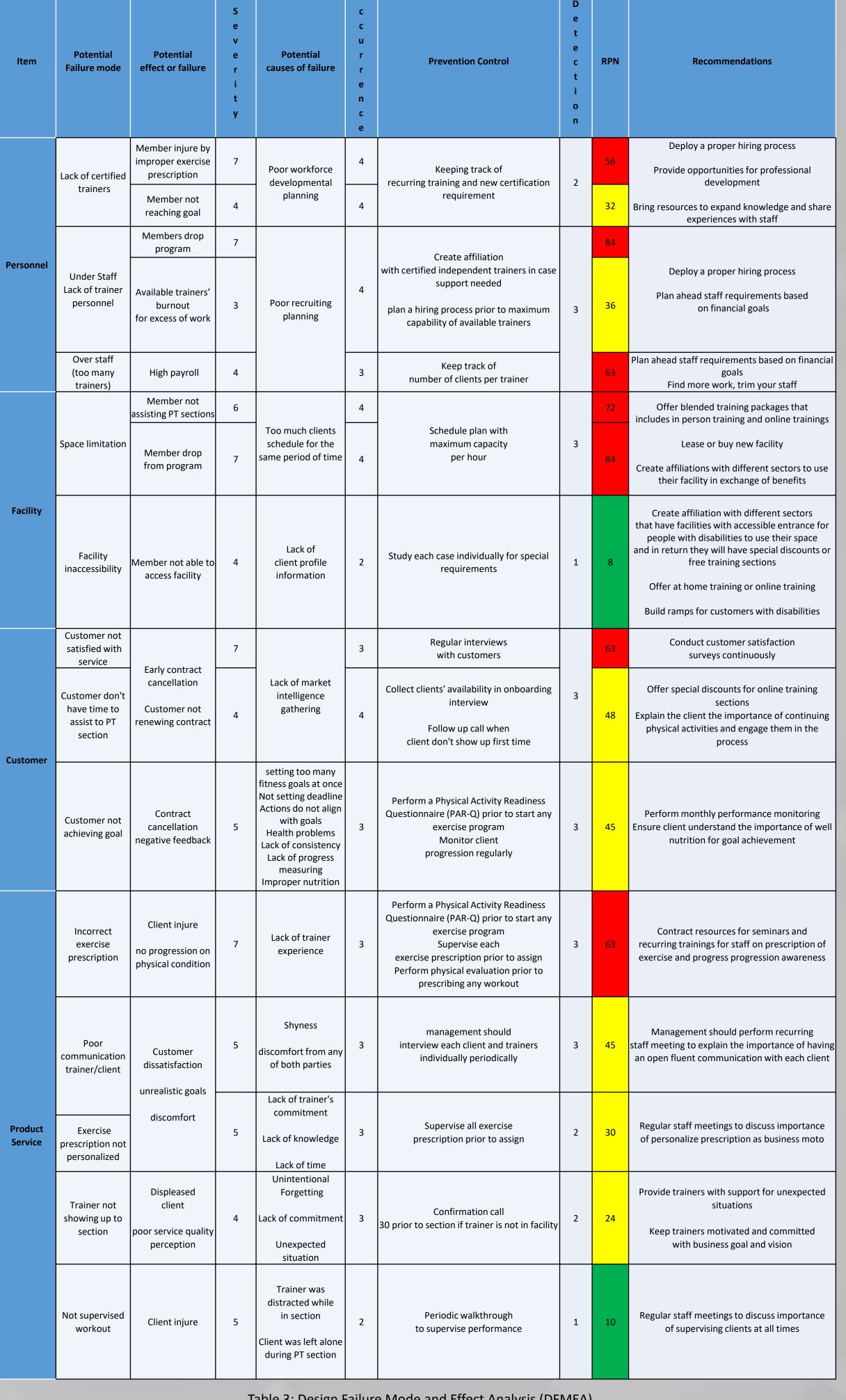


Table 3: Design Failure Mode and Effect Analysis (DFMEA)

#### Design Phase 1 Phase 2 Phase 3 Entry Stragegy Development Strategy and Operational Design Use ANSOFF Matrix to analyze and Market intelligence gathering Identify customer requirement plan strategies for growth Identify customer special need Use of social medias to access Study competitors pricing istomers reviews, understand social or customer trends Study competitors capabilities Study compertitors positioning Design customer satisfaction Acquisition studies Market penetration Access the threats Create schedule, assign costs and Post class for client enrollment on exercise prescription identify potential locations for weeks prior to group class with costs associated on facility new group classes Study new trends on group classes marketing display board and Create a support team for group Study new trends on functional pusiness webpage and social Schedule workshop for knowledge Study capabilities Utilize trainers' available hours to Identify certifications assist on proposal presentations Calculate how many trainers are Hire staff if needed . Identify staff availability Decide on workforce developmen Develop recruitment strategy Access facility capability Revenue per square foot Establish partnership for joint Identify special accessibility capability if needed Design special accessibility if rearrange space if needed Identify potential space Buy or lease new space build accessible entrance and development fixtures if needed Access space layout setting

### Design Cont.

A group of activities were developed from entry strategic development all the way to operational development in three phases shown on Figure 3. A point of entry decision was set after evaluating and assessing capabilities and constrains on four drivers. The activities design during phase 2 translated knowledge gain from the risk assessment into plans of actions to ensure the customer takes all preventive actions prior to full operation. The last phase are actions taken to start operation efficiently. The pilot run shown on figure 4 is a tool design to aim the customer on the decision-making process based on financial target vs main constrains.

Pilot Run	Analysis					
Your goals	Number of leads required for 5% conversion					
nput your target revenue	15000	Clients that you need to reach your goal	5			
Enter in how many weeks do you want to achieve it	40	Need to hire trainers				
Sections and Client Information	How many trainers do I need					
Inter average cost per section	40	Do I need more space	NO			
Inter average time per section in hours	1					
inter how many sections per week clients buy on average	2					
Enter total of actual active clients (Do not include online only clients)	10					
Enter total quantity of sections in a week (including online and in person sections)	8					
Staff Information						
Enter quantity of trainers available	2					
Enter total free hours of trainer per week	20					
Facility Information						
Total hours of operation per day	12					
Quantity of cardio machines	5					
Quantity of large gym equipment	5					
Input facitily square foot	1000					



Figure 5: KPI Dashboard

The KPI dashboard is shown on figure 5 is the organization's new monitoring system. It was design to provide the user a visual representation of the company's performance and the tool also allows identification of any deviation from the target in a timely manner.

#### Conclusion

This business expansion project has been design based on customer's requirements. DMADV methodology was used to develop the new process to deliver the final product to the customer. Risks associated with expansion activities were assessed and all design activities and recommendations were based on failure modes to fully eliminate or reduce the likelihood of occurrence. The table of developmental activities by phases provides entry point signals and operational controls during the expansion process. The pilot run and analysis provides the customer with a tools to make decisions-based on target revenues and major constrains. Finally, the KPI dashboard is the organization's monitoring system

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